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TELEPHONE MAIN 661.
Official paper of Clatsop county and the City of Astoria.

WEATHER.

Western Oregon and Washington—Fair.

THE MUCKER IN POLITICS.

President Roosevelt has raised a warning that may well be heeded by the man in politics as an aspirant for nomination to office in Oregon. The weight of the warning and its value will be peculiarly applicable when the official returns are in from the primaries. Then the man who shall not have received the nomination must be chary of falling into the place of the "Mucker", the man who unjustly and inconsiderately accuses others of having done things, and said things and brought things to pass, of which they are entirely guiltless. The "Mucker" is in a class all by himself and is therefore the more conspicuous, and the shabbiness of his cult and his work is accentuated by the fact that his class is small and amenable to just such outbreaks of bad taste and equally bad faith. There is but one accepted ratio at which the loyal, honest partisan is taken in the political world, and the disappointed aspirant must meet that impost squarely, or make all men supremely glad he was NOT nominated.

ASTORIA IS BUSY.

The fishing season has precipitated an access of business in the city that is very gratifying after the inactivity of the winter months, and which promises a generous largess of earnings and profit. As a consequence Astoria is busy; too busy to grumble, too busy to wrangle, but not too busy to realize all that is coming to her. She will keep the "weather eye" on the new people and new projects and new resources that are to be hers in the immediately new future and adapt herself and her industries to the promising increment. Every dog and man and place has its own peculiar day and Astoria's day is yet to come, and every citizen must be on the qui vive for its dawning. It's coming, and the first faint rays of its lighting are now perceptible. When the sunburst shall be upon us, let it find Astoria wide-awake and receptive.

COST OF THE WHITE HOUSE.

Many people believe that the \$50,000 a year which the president gets as salary is the sum total of his official income. It is a mistake.

This is how he is paid: \$36,064 is given him in addition to his salary of \$50,000 to pay the salaries of his subordinates and clerks. His private secretary is paid \$3250, his assistant private secretary \$2250, his stenographer \$1800, five messengers (each) \$1200, a steward \$1800, two doorknopers (each) \$1200, four other clerks at good salaries, ranging from \$1500 to \$2500; one telegraph operator, two ushers \$1200 and \$1400; a night usher, \$1200; a watchman, \$900, and a man who takes care of the fires, who receives \$864 a year.

In addition to this there is given him \$8000 for incidental expenses, such as stationery, carpets and the care of the presidential stables. And under another heading there is given him nearly \$40,000 more. Of this \$12,500 is for

repairs and refurnishing the White house. \$15,000 is for gas, matches and the stable. The white house all told costs the country in connection with the president considerably over \$125,000 a year.

EDITORIAL SALAD.

Married women are great in their opinions. They will have a feeling of pity for the bachelor, and nothing but contempt for the old maid.

Secretary Bonaparte wants the United States to build the biggest battleship in the world. Isn't this desire of the secretary's likely to cause more trouble for the British and German taxpayers?

Almost anybody would get sick and tired of the same things to eat the whole year round. The horse does, too. Vary his ration by giving him a nice warm mash, not too thing, once in a while. It will help to keep his bowels regular; and taste good, too.

During a series of revival services in Southern Minnesota, the farmers' telephones were put to good use. Connections were made with a big megaphone receiver near the pulpit and the services could be heard for miles around by all who had telephonic connection.

Girls, beware of mannish ways. Interest yourself in a man's doings by all means; but not too much. Retain your natural womanly ways and modesty, while showing what a good chum you can be to the man who interests you. By so doing, you are sure to win his love and affection for it is such a woman that men like best of all.

"This idea that the wearing of wings, breasts and other feather ornaments on women's millinery necessitates the wholesale slaughter of birds is all bosh," said a New York manufacturer. "Our feathers all come from poultry dressed for table use. We take hales of feathers, sort them, dye them, brush them, curl them, and work them up into whatever is wanted, and not a bird's life is sacrificed."

The reason women are more unhappy than men is because they persist in making mountains out of mole hills, while the men are content to let the world pass by. There would be more contentment among the sex if they'd pass over some of the small worries of life and pay more attention to the small details of dress. Why be troubled because Mrs. S— has a stunning new hat which you cannot afford? Put new braid on the bottom of your skirt and forget it."

Gov. Hoch, of Kansas tells a story that always strikes the right spot with the farmers. One time a merchant put up a blackboard in his store and asked the customers to write their names on it and opposite tell what they were doing for humanity. A lawyer wrote, "I plead for all." A doctor wrote, "I prescribe for all." A preacher wrote, "I pray for all." An old farmer walked up, wrote his name, scratched his head awhile and then wrote, "I pay for all."

Jobn H. Dorris, one of the wealthiest and most successful farmers of Saline county, Ill., just retired, who owns a large farm northwest of this city, does not allow a bird of any kind to be killed on his land—hawks, crows and blackbirds not excepted. He has set aside a number of acres which he allows to grow up in underbrush, in which all kinds of birds, especially quail, find a home throughout the winter, and in the summer the place is alive with them. Mr. Dorris claims that hawks do very little damage in comparison with the good they do in killing field mice and rats.—Ex.

The most lovable girls in the world are those with a sunny disposition. A few people like the quiet, thoughtful girl; others like the girl who is perpetually vicious and bubbling over with spirits. But every one likes the girl with the cheerful, sunny disposition. Girls of this character are never extravagantly boisterous or dimly quiet; they have a pleasant smile for every one. They never seem troubled or worried, their voice is low and musical and their smile—be they pretty or not—is always sweet. The only trouble that the sunny-tempered girl has is the outcome of her popularity. Every one wants to talk to her and be in her company. Young men are attracted to her without effort on her part, for her character shows itself so plainly in her actions that young men are so delighted at the cheeriness and sympathy of her nature that they are drawn to her at once. For every reason, then, the girl with the sunny disposition, who smiles away the troubles of life, is a favorite. And, what is more, old people are just as charmed by her as are those of her own age.

THE HATCHING MACHINE.

Timely Reminders as to Management of Incubators.

Study your incubator. Acquaint yourself with all its parts. Read the manufacturer's directions for setting it up. Set it up carefully and according to instructions. Never try to run an incubator in a drafty place nor near a stove nor where the sun shines upon it. Set fertile eggs only. Waste no effort upon those that are doubtful. Learn how to trim and clean a lamp. Keep the lamps full and the wick and tube clean. Avoid smoke. See that the eggs are clean and dry before setting them. Balance all eggs, large end up, a few hours before placing them in the tray. Do not overfill the tray. Turn every egg the third day. Cool the eggs every morning. Be sure your hands are clean when handling eggs. Test all eggs by the seventh day. Test again by the eleventh day. Test again by the fifteenth day. If the air space is too large, supply moisture; if too small, put a saucer of dry lime in the room and run without moisture a day or two. Do not expect to learn all about the air cell the first hatch. You will learn that later. Do not disturb the eggs after the evening of the eighteenth day. Have a regular hour for incubator work. Do not tinker too much with the regulator before placing the eggs in the egg chamber.—United States Bulletin.

Concerning Perches.

There is no advantage in placing perches one above another, stair fashion, in the hypotenuse of a triangle. If they be thus arranged the distances of the perches from each other must be measured on the base of the triangle, from the fact that the droppings fall perpendicularly. They should be far enough apart to avoid soiling the plumage. If there is no economy of space in this arrangement there is no argument for it. Fowls will jump from the lowest perch to the next and so on to the highest and then quarrel. They all want the highest place. It is preferable to have the perches placed on a level platform to catch the droppings. It may be just high enough to be haudy in cleaning and the perches about one foot above it. All perches should be movable, so as to facilitate the application of kerosene when necessary to every part. Perches should be at least two inches wide and rest firmly in a slot or mortise. Fowls will cling to one edge of a wide perch, and the width will give opportunity to rest the weight on the shanks. A very narrow perch makes it necessary to bear the weight on the breastbone, mainly in one spot, and thus it becomes bent to one side. This deformity is caused in many instances by roosting on the limb of a barrel or on the small limbs of trees.—Feather.

Food That Makes Eggs.

Milk albumen, which is a byproduct of the milk sugar factories, was compared with fresh meat and meat scraps at the Utah station, with the results greatly favoring the meat. As the albumen is very rich in protein, it appears that the trouble is owing to its lack of fat, the fatty material in the meat helping to increase egg production. It has been found that lean meat produces better results fed with meat than with wheat, indicating that the fatty material must be obtained somehow and that when it is lacking in the meat it can be obtained from a grain which contains oil, like corn. Pens at the Utah station having the most fat produced most eggs. The same general results were produced in two successive years. Hens fed fresh meat scraps or bone gave a considerably better egg yield than those having meat meal. The results tend to suggest that the importance of fat in food has been neglected and that much of the good effect of meat is due to the fat which it contains rather than the protein or lean portion.

Fresh Air For Hens.

When a poultry house "sweats," when dampness condenses on the walls and forms as frost or drips down upon the occupants it is a sure sign that the house is not aired often enough or that you have overrated the capacity of the building and have too many fowls in it. You can keep more birds with safety in a well aired building than in one that is kept tightly closed. For this reason, from a standpoint of economy of house room if for no other reason, the necessity of thorough airing of the poultry buildings should appeal to every one. A plentiful supply of fresh air is necessary to health. A damp, ill ventilated building means disease, debility and often that scourge, contagious catarrh, familiarly known as roup.

Care of Breeding Turkeys.

When feeding turkeys for market the breeding stock for next year's crop should not be allowed to feed with the rest of the flock, as the breeders do not need to be fat—just good, thrifty birds that will pick up most of their living until cold weather sets in. After that part of their ration should be roots and

caonage. Apples and onions as a treat are excellent. They act as a tonic to tone up the liver. Alfalfa cut up and fed to poultry as green food will be a great addition to the bill of fare in the future.

The Duck.

Ducks require soft food, and yet they need grit. A box of it and one of crushed oyster shells placed before them all the time will greatly aid in maintaining health.—Farm Journal.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE First National Bank

At Astoria, in the State of Oregon, at the close of business, April 6th, 1906.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	\$358,101.86
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	4,537.71
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	12,500.00
Bonds, securities, etc.	74,580.00
Other real estate owned	3,000.00
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)	15,064.76
Due from State Banks and Bankers	70,832.63
Due from approved reserve agents	170,012.94
Checks and other cash items	740.41
Notes of other National Banks	20.00
Nickles and cents	392.56
Lawful money reserve in bank viz:	
Specie	\$111,000.00
Legal tender notes	20.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent circulation)	1,250.00
Total	\$823,052.87

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	50,000.00
Surplus fund	60,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	19,300.33
National Bank note outstanding	12,500.00
Individual deposits subject to check	\$542,916.35
Demand certificates of deposit	138,261.19
Certified checks	75.00
Total	\$823,052.87

State of Oregon, County of Clatsop, ss: I, S. S. Gordon, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

S. S. GORDON,
Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of April, 1906.

V. BOELLING,
Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
G. C. FLAVEL,
W. F. MCGREGOR,
J. WESLEY LADD,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Astoria National Bank

At Astoria, in the State of Oregon, at the close of business, April 6, 1906.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	\$267,366.01
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	7,923.51
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	12,500.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	600.00
Bond Securities, etc.	34,540.16
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	4,000.00
Other real estate owned	4,375.00
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	9,713.63
Due from State Banks and Bankers	4,168.92
Due from approved reserve agents	241,071.66
Checks and other cash items	1,433.23
Notes of other National Banks	1,055.00
Fractional paper currency, nickles, and cents	290.49
Lawful money reserve in bank viz:	
Specie	\$48,102.00
Legal tender notes	2,277.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	625.00
Total	\$640,671.61

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	10,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	36,009.35
National Bank Notes Outstanding	10,900.00
Individual deposits subject to check	\$290,184.95
Demand certificates of deposit	34,592.34
Time certificates of deposit	208,948.97
Total	\$640,671.61

State of Oregon, County of Clatsop, ss: I, J. E. Higgins, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. E. HIGGINS,
Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of April, 1906.

GEORGE C. FULTON,
Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
GEO. H. GEORGE,
GEO. W. WARREN,
A. SCHERNACKAU,
Directors.

Political Information

Announcements of candidates for office will be published in these columns at reasonable rates for men of all parties.

REGISTRATION

Registration books opened by County Clerks, Tuesday, January 2, 1906.
Registration books closed for Primary Election, April 10, 3 p. m.
Registration books opened after primary election, April 12.
Registration books closed for general election, May 15, 5 p. m.

DIRECT PRIMARY ELECTION

County Clerks give notice of Primary Election not later than March 2.
Last day for filing petitions for placing names on ballot for state, (congressional) and district offices, March 30.
Last day for filing petitions for County officers, April 4.

DATE OF PRIMARY ELECTION, APRIL 20, 1906.

Canvassing votes of primary elections for state officers: May 3.

GENERAL ELECTION

Last day for filing certificates of nomination for state offices by assembly of electors, April 19.
Last day for filing nominating petitions for state offices, May 4.
Last day for filing certificates of nomination for county officers by assembly of electors, May 4.
Last day for filing nominating petitions for county offices, May 19.

GENERAL ELECTION, JUNE 4

BE SURE AND REGISTER

CANDIDATES ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR GOVERNOR. Republicans of Oregon are hereby informed that I am a candidate for the nomination of Governor at the primaries to be held April 20th.

JAMES WITTHYCOMBE.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE. I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Secretary of State, and ask the support of all Republicans.

F. T. WRIGHTMAN.

FOR SHERIFF. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for sheriff on the Republican ticket at the primary nominating election.

EMSLEY HOUGHTON.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL. The undersigned hereby announces himself as a candidate for re-election to the office of Attorney-General, subject to the approval of Republican voters at the primaries.

A. M. CRAWFORD.

FOR STATE PRINTER. The undersigned announces himself as a Republican candidate for renomination for State Printer, subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the primary election, April 20. Now serving first term. The same courtesy that has been accorded to State officers generally, that of a renomination, would be greatly appreciated.

J. R. WHITNEY.
Albany, Oregon.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for renomination for the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, and solicit the support of all Republicans at the primaries, April 20th.

J. H. ACKERMAN.

Easter Cards

Postals and Novelties

Now in. All Prices and Designs.

J. N. GRIFFIN

BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC, AND SPORTING GOODS.

First National Bank of Astoria, Ore.

ESTABLISHED 1886.

Capital and Surplus \$100,000

Sherman Transfer Co.

HENRY SHERMAN, Manager

Trucks, Carriages—Baggage Checked and Transferred—Trucks and Furniture Wagons—Pianos Moved, Boxed and Shipped.

433 Commercial Street Phone Main 121

That All Important Bath Room

You have often heard people remark "If I were ever to build, I would plan my bath room first and would not put all my money into the parlor with all its finery." That is good common sense sentiment, for the bath room is the most important of all the household.

We would like to help you plan your bath room and will gladly quote you prices on "Standard" Ware, the best and most sanitary fixtures made.



J. A. Montgomery, Astoria.

THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO.

Use Big Q for unnatural discharges, inflammation, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for \$1.00, or 3 bottles \$2.75. Circular sent on request.